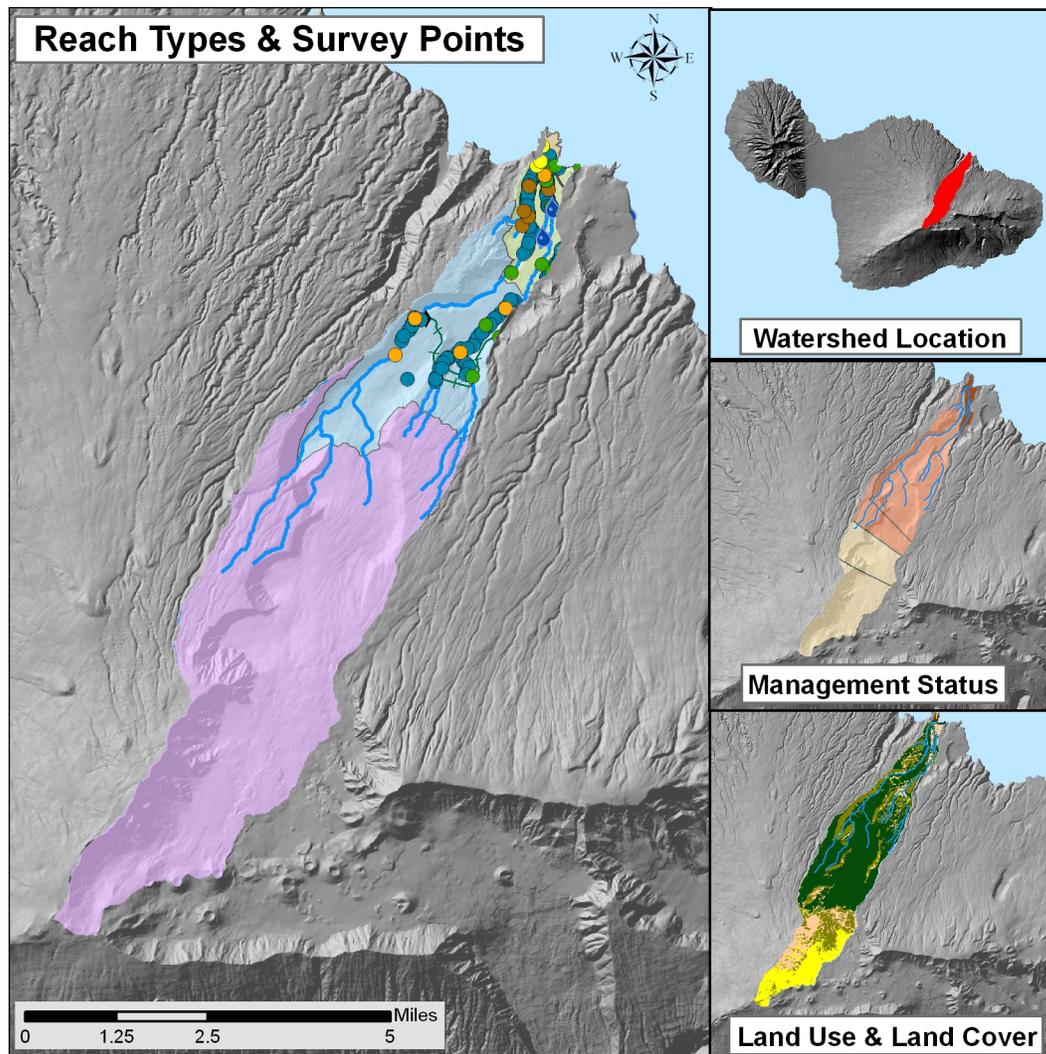


Pi'ina'au, Maui



WATERSHED FEATURES

Pi'ina'au watershed occurs on the island of Maui. The Hawaiian meaning of the name is unknown. The area of the watershed is 20.5 square mi (53.2 square km), with maximum elevation of 10007 ft (3050 m). The watershed's DAR cluster code is 6, meaning that the watershed is large, narrow, and steep in the upper watershed. The percent of the watershed in the different land use districts is as follows: 3% agricultural, 97% conservation, 0% rural, and 0% urban.

Land Stewardship: Percentage of the land in the watershed managed or controlled by the corresponding agency or entity. Note that this is not necessarily ownership.

<u>Military</u>	<u>Federal</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>OHA</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Nature Conservancy</u>	<u>Other Private</u>
0.0	26.8	54.0	0.0	0.0	16.1	3.1

Land Management Status: Percentage of the watershed in the categories of biodiversity protection and management created by the Hawaii GAP program.

Permanent Biodiversity <u>Protection</u>	Managed for Multiple <u>Uses</u>	Protected but <u>Unmanaged</u>	<u>Unprotected</u>
42.9	54.0	0.0	3.1

Land Use: Areas of the various categories of land use. These data are based on NOAA C-CAP remote sensing project.

	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Square mi</u>	<u>Square km</u>
High Intensity Developed	0.0	0.00	0.00
Low Intensity Developed	0.1	0.03	0.07
Cultivated	0.2	0.05	0.13
Grassland	11.8	2.43	6.29
Scrub/Shrub	22.1	4.53	11.73
Evergreen Forest	50.7	10.41	26.96
Palustrine Forested	0.0	0.00	0.00
Palustrine Scrub/Shrub	0.0	0.00	0.00
Palustrine Emergent	0.0	0.00	0.00
Estuarine Forested	0.0	0.00	0.00
Bare Land	14.9	3.06	7.92
Unconsolidated Shoreline	0.0	0.01	0.02
Water	0.1	0.01	0.03
Unclassified	0.0	0.00	0.00

STREAM FEATURES

Pi'ina'au is a perennial stream. Total stream length is 24.2 mi (39 km). The terminal stream order is 3.

Reach Type Percentages: The percentage of the stream's channel length in each of the reach type categories.

<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
0.0	1.6	24.0	42.5	31.8

The following stream(s) occur in the watershed:

Hau'oliwahine	Kano	Kuo	Palauhulu	Pi'ina'au
Pokakaekane				

BIOTIC SAMPLING EFFORT

Biotic samples were gathered in the following year(s):

1962	1967	1979	1980	1990	1991	1992
1993	1994	1995	1996	2000	2002	2003
2007	2008					

Distribution of Biotic Sampling: The number of survey locations that were sampled in the various reach types.

<u>Survey type</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
Damselfly Surveys	0	2	0	0	0
DAR General Surveys	0	10	25	0	0
DAR Point Quadrat	0	6	99	57	0
HDFG	0	0	2	4	0
Published Report	1	2	9	4	0
Unpublished Report	0	0	5	0	0

BIOTA INFORMATION

Species List

Native Species

Crustaceans	Amphipod sp. <i>Atyoida bisulcata</i> <i>Macrobrachium grandimanus</i>
Fish	<i>Awaous guamensis</i> <i>Eleotris sandwicensis</i> Gobiid sp. <i>Kuhlia</i> sp. <i>Lentipes concolor</i> <i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i> <i>Stenogobius hawaiiensis</i>
Snails	<i>Ferrissia sharpi</i> <i>Neritina granosa</i> <i>Neritina vespertina</i>

Native Species

Insects	<i>Anax junius</i> <i>Anax</i> sp. <i>Anax strenuus</i> <i>Campsicnemus lepidochaites</i> <i>Megalagrion blackburni</i> <i>Megalagrion hawaiiense</i> <i>Megalagrion nigrohamatum nigrohamatum</i> <i>Megalagrion pacificum</i> <i>Megalagrion</i> sp. <i>Procanace constricta</i> <i>Rhantus pacificus</i> <i>Scatella cilipes</i> <i>Scatella femoralis</i> <i>Scatella mauiensis</i> <i>Scatella oahuense</i> <i>Telmatogeton</i> sp. <i>Telmatogeton torrenticola</i>
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Introduced Species

Amphibians	<i>Rana catesbiana</i> Ranid sp.
Clams	<i>Corbicula fluminea</i> <i>Musculium partumieum</i> <i>Pisidium</i> sp.
Crustaceans	<i>Macrobrachium</i> lar
Fish	<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>
Snails	<i>Lymnea</i> sp. Physid sp. <i>Pomacea canaliculata</i> Thiarid sp.

Introduced Species

Insects	<i>Cheumatopsyche analis</i> Chironomid larvae
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Species Size Data: Species size (inches) observed in DAR Point Quadrat Surveys.

<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Minimum Size</u>	<u>Maximum Size</u>	<u>Average Size</u>
Ranid sp.	Introduced	0.25	2	1.1
<i>Atyoida bisulcata</i>	Endemic	0.75	2	1.2
<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>	Introduced	1.5	5	2.9
<i>Lentipes concolor</i>	Endemic	1	5	2.3
<i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i>	Endemic	1	3.5	2.2
<i>Awaous guamensis</i>	Indigenous	2	6	3.5
<i>Megalagrion sp.</i>	Endemic	0.5	1	0.7
<i>Neritina granosa</i>	Endemic	0.25	1.5	0.6
Physid sp.	Introduced	0.25	0.25	0.3

Average Density: The densities (#/square yard) for species observed in DAR Point Quadrat Surveys averaged over all sample dates in each reach type.

<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Mid</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
<i>Anax strenuus</i>	Endemic				0.03	
<i>Atyoida bisulcata</i>	Endemic				1.54	
<i>Lentipes concolor</i>	Endemic			0.52		
<i>Megalagrion blackburni</i>	Endemic				0.03	
<i>Megalagrion nigrohamatum</i>	Endemic				0.07	
<i>Megalagrion sp.</i>	Endemic				0.3	
<i>Neritina granosa</i>	Endemic		3.35	2.32		
<i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i>	Endemic		0.74	0.15	0.03	
<i>Awaous guamensis</i>	Indigenous		1.12	0.75		
<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>	Introduced		0.37	0.25	0.03	
Ranid sp.	Introduced				0.07	

Species Distributions: Presence (P) of species in different stream reaches.

<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
<i>Atyoida bisulcata</i>	Endemic		P	P	P	
<i>Macrobrachium grandimanus</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Eleotris sandwicensis</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Lentipes concolor</i>	Endemic	P	P	P	P	
<i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i>	Endemic		P	P	P	
<i>Stenogobius hawaiiensis</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Anax strenuus</i>	Endemic				P	
<i>Campsicnemus lepidochaites</i>	Endemic				P	
<i>Megalagrion blackburni</i>	Endemic				P	
<i>Megalagrion hawaiiense</i>	Endemic				P	
<i>Megalagrion nigrohamatum nigrohamatum</i>	Endemic				P	
<i>Megalagrion pacificum</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Megalagrion sp.</i>	Endemic			P	P	

<i>Procanace constricta</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Rhantus pacificus</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Scatella cilipes</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Scatella femoralis</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Scatella mauiensis</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Scatella oahuense</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Telmatogeton torrenticola</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Ferrissia sharpi</i>	Endemic			P
<i>Neritina granosa</i>	Endemic	P	P	
<i>Neritina vespertina</i>	Endemic	P		
Amphipod sp.	Indigenous			P
<i>Awaous guamensis</i>	Indigenous	P	P	
Gobiid sp.	Indigenous	P	P	P
<i>Kuhlia sp.</i>	Indigenous	P		
<i>Anax junius</i>	Indigenous			P
<i>Anax sp.</i>	Indigenous	P		P
<i>Telmatogeton sp.</i>	Indigenous		P	P
<i>Rana catesbiana</i>	Introduced	P		P
Ranid sp.	Introduced			P
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	Introduced		P	
<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>	Introduced	P	P	P
<i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	Introduced	P		
<i>Cheumatopsyche analis</i>	Introduced			P
Chironomid larvae	Introduced		P	P
<i>Lymnea sp.</i>	Introduced	P		
Physid sp.	Introduced		P	P
Thiarid sp.	Introduced	P		

HISTORIC RANKINGS

Historic Rankings: These are rankings of streams from historical studies. "Yes" means the stream was considered worthy of protection by that method. Some methods include non-biotic data in their determination. See Atlas Key for details.

Multi-Attribute Prioritization of Streams - Potential Heritage Streams (1998): No

Hawaii Stream Assessment Rank (1990): Outstanding

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service High Quality Stream (1988): Yes

The Nature Conservancy- Priority Aquatic Sites (1985): No

National Park Service - Nationwide Rivers Inventory (1982): No

Current DAR Decision Rule Status: The following criteria are used by DAR to consider the biotic importance of streams. "Yes" means that watershed has that quality.

Native Insect Diversity
> 19 spp.

No

Native Macrofauna
Diversity > 5 spp.

Yes

Absence of Priority 1
Introduced

No

Abundance of Any
Native Species

No

Presence of Candidate
Endangered Species

Yes

Endangered Newcomb's
Snail Habitat

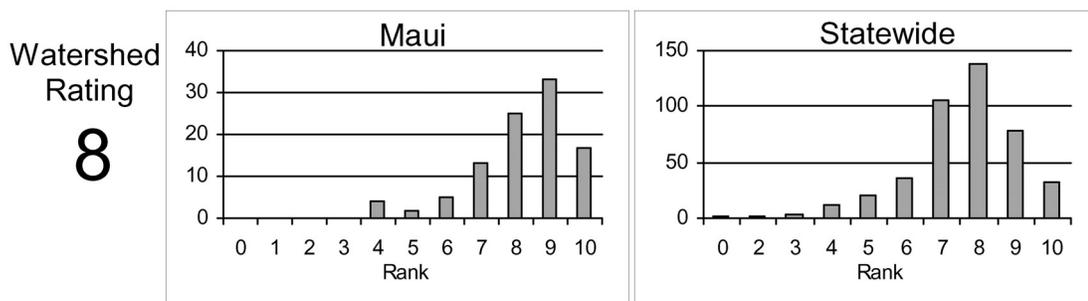
No

CURRENT WATERSHED AND STREAM RATINGS

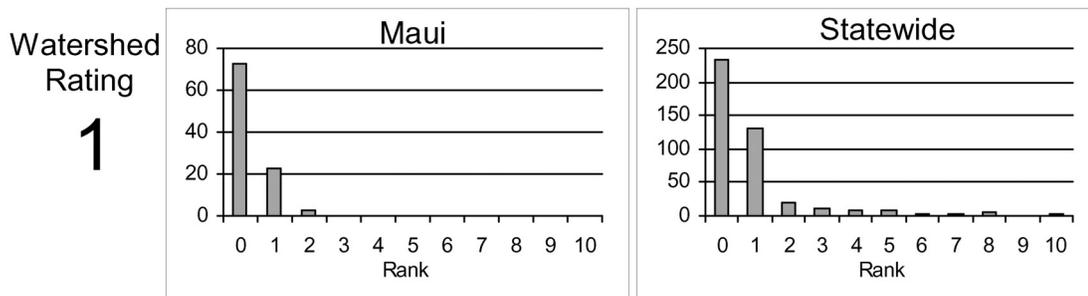
The current watershed and stream ratings are based on the data contained in the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database. The ratings provide the score for the individual watershed or stream, the distribution of ratings for that island, and the distribution of ratings statewide. This allows a better understanding of the meaning of a particular ranking and how it compares to other streams. The ratings are standardized to range from 0 to 10 (0 is lowest and 10 is highest rating) for each variable and the totals are also standardized so that the rating is not the average of each component rating. These ratings are subject to change as more data are entered into the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database and can be automatically recalculated as the data improve. In addition to the ratings, we have also provided an estimate of the confidence level of the ratings. This is called rating strength. The higher the rating strength the more likely the data and rankings represent the actual condition of the watershed, stream, and aquatic biota.

WATERSHED RATING: Pi'ina'au, Maui

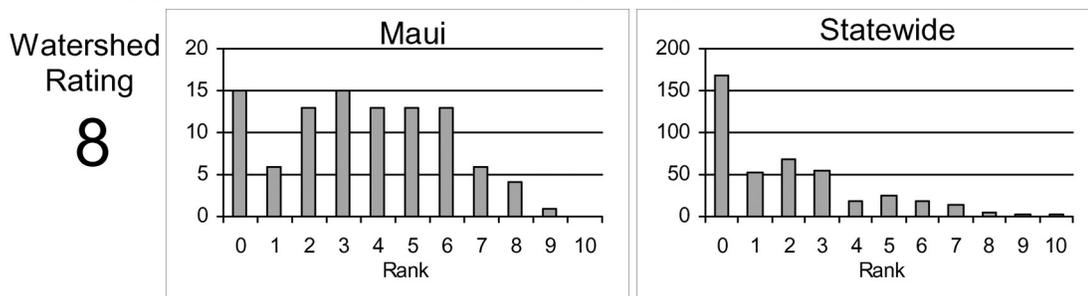
Land Cover Rating: Rating is based on a scoring system where in general forested lands score positively and developed lands score negatively.



Shallow Waters Rating: Rating is based on a combination of the extent of estuarine and shallow marine areas associated with the watershed and stream.

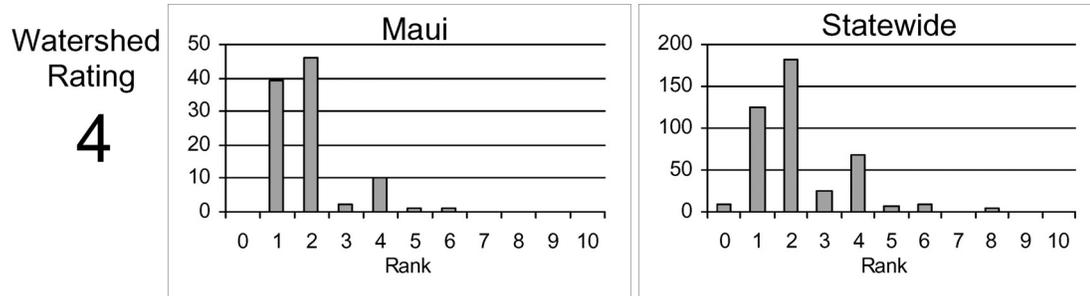


Stewardship Rating: Rating is based on a scoring system where higher levels of land and biodiversity protection within the watershed score positively.

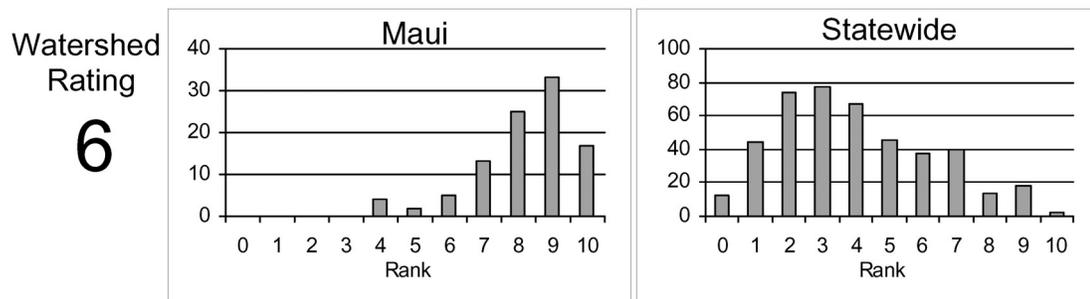


WATERSHED RATING (Cont): Pi'ina'au, Maui

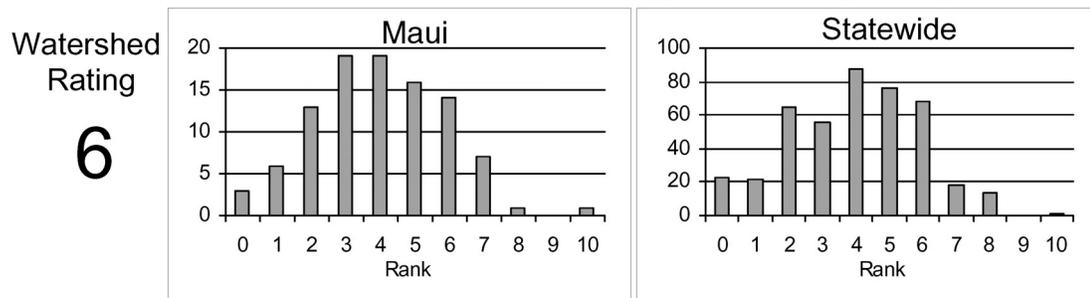
Size Rating: Rating is based on the watershed area and total stream length. Larger watersheds and streams score more positively.



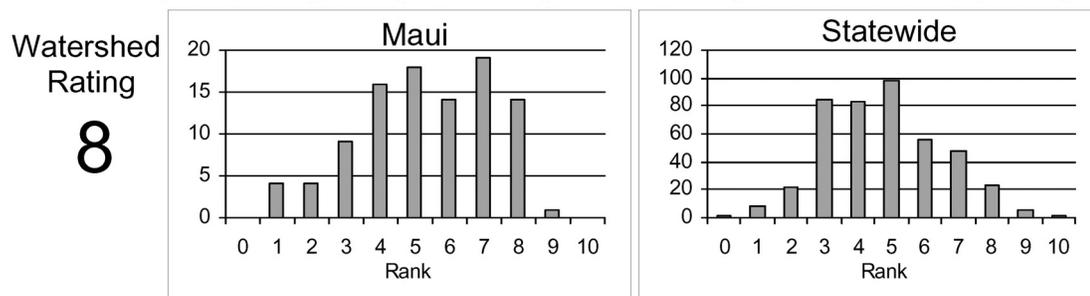
Wetness Rating: Rating is based on the average annual rainfall within the watershed. Higher rainfall totals score more positively.



Reach Diversity Rating: Rating is based on the types and amounts of different stream reaches available in the watershed. More area in different reach types score more positively.



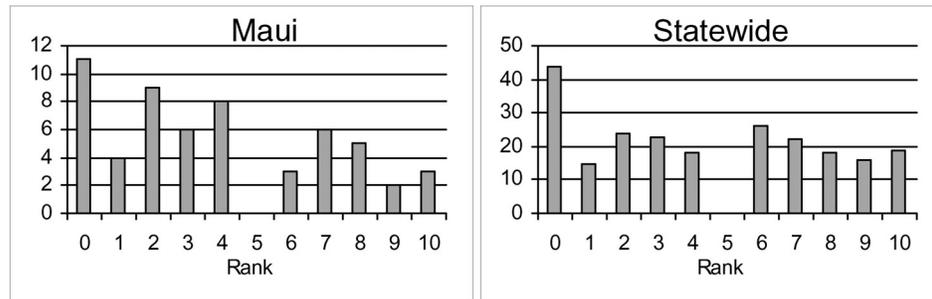
Total Watershed Rating: Rating is based on combination of Land Cover Rating, Shallow Waters Rating, Stewardship Rating, Size Rating, Wetness Rating, and Reach Diversity Rating.



BIOLOGICAL RATING: Pi'ina'au, Maui

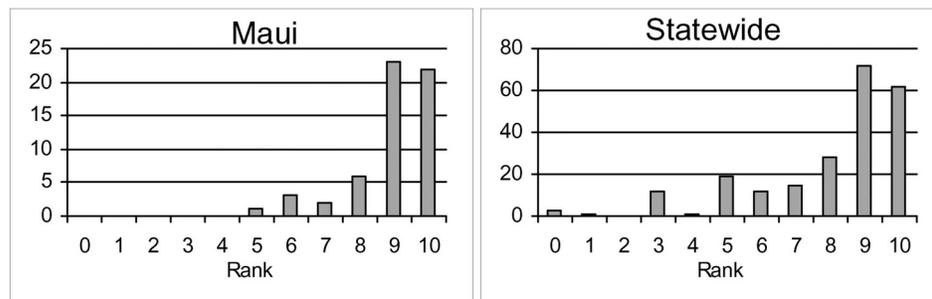
Native Species Rating: Rating is based on the number of native species observed in the watershed.

Stream Rating
10



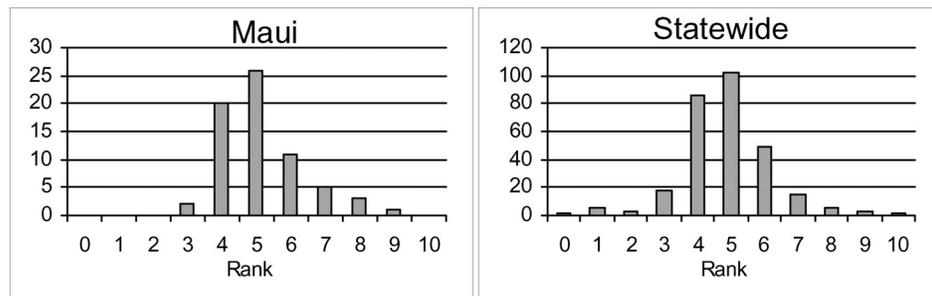
Introduced Genera Rating: Rating is based on the number of introduced genera observed in the watershed.

Stream Rating
7



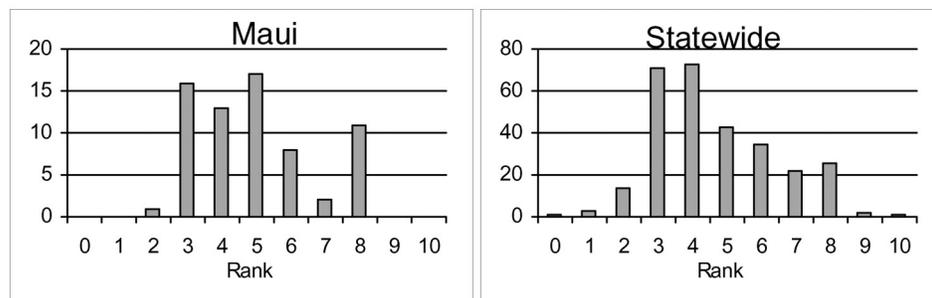
All Species' Score Rating: Rating is based on the Hawaii Stream Assessment scoring system where native species score positively and introduced species score negatively.

Stream Rating
7



Total Biological Rating: Rating is the combination of the Native Species Rating, Introduced Genera Rating, and the All Species' Score Rating.

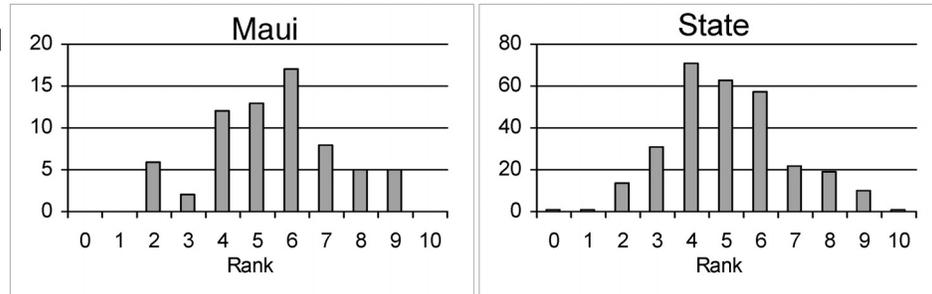
Stream Rating
8



OVERALL RATING: Pi'ina'au, Maui

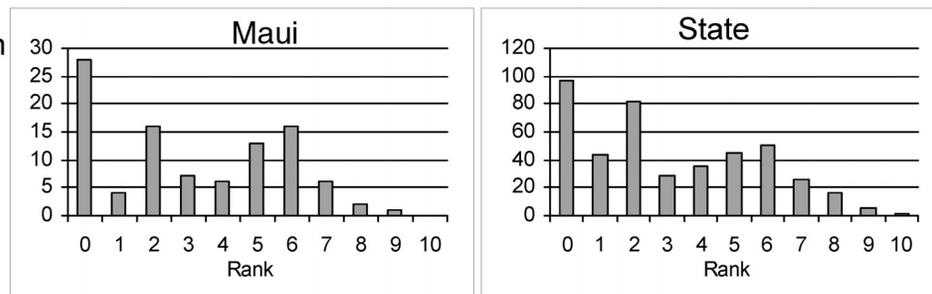
Overall Rating: Rating is a combination of the Total Watershed Rating and the Total Biological Rating.

Watershed
Rating
9

**RATING STRENGTH: Pi'ina'au, Maui**

Rating Strength: Represents an estimate of the overall study effort in the stream and is a combination of the number of studies, number of different reaches surveyed, and the number of different survey types.

Information
Rating
9

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