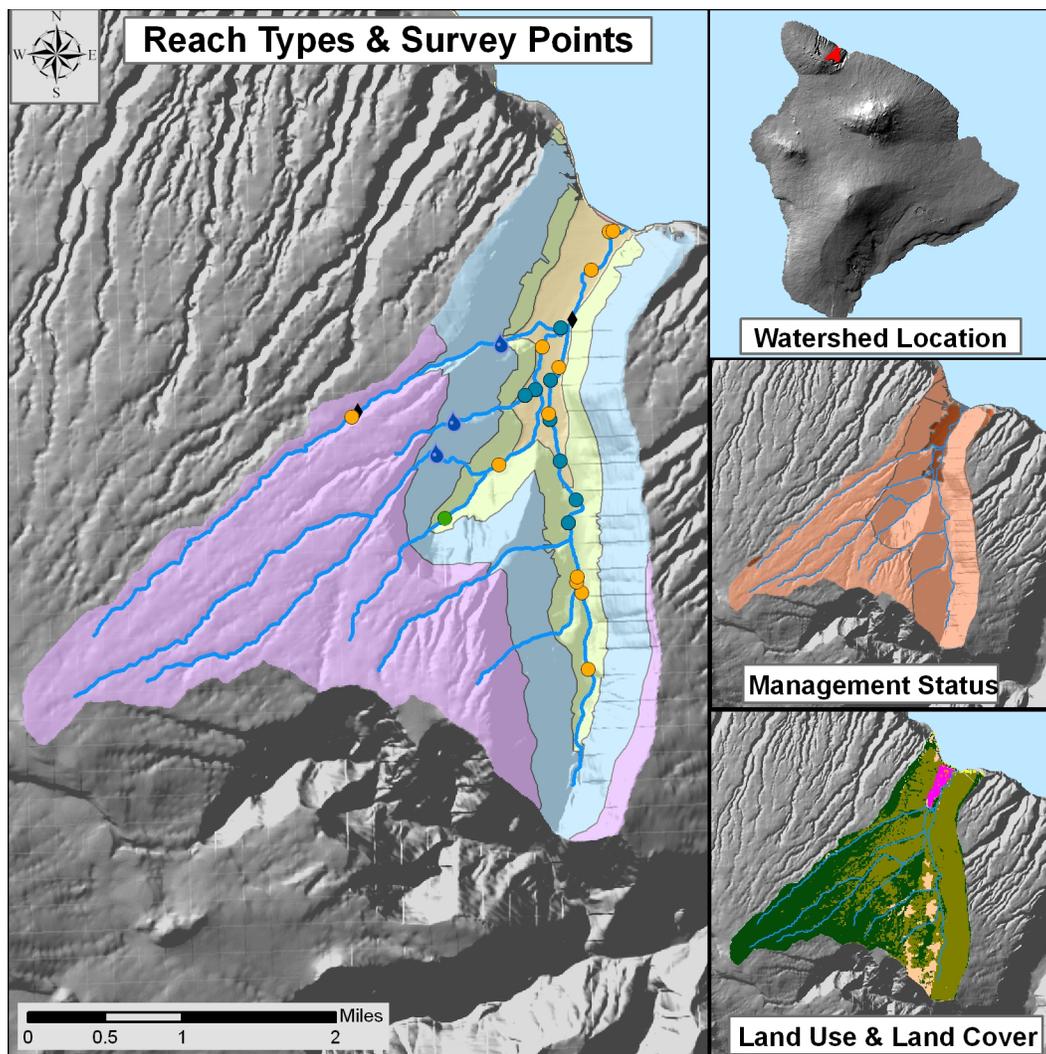


Waimanu, Hawai'i



WATERSHED FEATURES

Waimanu watershed occurs on the island of Hawai'i. The Hawaiian meaning of the name is "bird water". The area of the watershed is 8.6 square mi (22.3 square km), with maximum elevation of 4606 ft (1404 m). The watershed's DAR cluster code is 5, meaning that the watershed is medium size, steep in the upper watershed, and with little embayment. The percent of the watershed in the different land use districts is as follows: 0% agricultural, 100% conservation, 0% rural, and 0% urban.

Land Stewardship: Percentage of the land in the watershed managed or controlled by the corresponding agency or entity. Note that this is not necessarily ownership.

<u>Military</u>	<u>Federal</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>OHA</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Nature Conservancy</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Private</u>
0.0	0.0	96.1	0.0	0.0	0.0		3.9

Land Management Status: Percentage of the watershed in the categories of biodiversity protection and management created by the Hawaii GAP program.

Permanent Biodiversity <u>Protection</u>	Managed for Multiple <u>Uses</u>	Protected but <u>Unmanaged</u>	<u>Unprotected</u>
0.0	95.0	1.1	3.9

Land Use: Areas of the various categories of land use. These data are based on NOAA C-CAP remote sensing project.

	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Square mi</u>	<u>Square km</u>
High Intensity Developed	0.0	0.00	0.00
Low Intensity Developed	0.0	0.00	0.00
Cultivated	0.0	0.00	0.00
Grassland	4.5	0.39	1.01
Scrub/Shrub	47.2	4.06	10.53
Evergreen Forest	46.5	4.00	10.36
Palustrine Forested	0.0	0.00	0.00
Palustrine Scrub/Shrub	0.2	0.02	0.05
Palustrine Emergent	1.4	0.12	0.30
Estuarine Forested	0.0	0.00	0.00
Bare Land	0.2	0.02	0.05
Unconsolidated Shoreline	0.0	0.00	0.00
Water	0.0	0.00	0.00
Unclassified	0.0	0.00	0.00

STREAM FEATURES

Waimanu is a perennial stream. Total stream length is 16.7 mi (26.9 km). The terminal stream order is 3.

Reach Type Percentages: The percentage of the stream's channel length in each of the reach type categories.

<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
0.0	0.0	22.0	15.7	62.3

The following stream(s) occur in the watershed:

Kakaauki Waihilau Wailikahi Waimanu

BIOTIC SAMPLING EFFORT

Biotic samples were gathered in the following year(s):

1968 1969 1976 1990 1991 1998

Distribution of Biotic Sampling: The number of survey locations that were sampled in the various reach types.

<u>Survey type</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
DAR Point Quadrat	0	54	27	0	0
HDFG	0	6	5	0	1
Published Report	0	0	1	0	0

BIOTA INFORMATION

Species List

Native Species

Crustaceans	<i>Atyoida bisulcata</i> <i>Macrobrachium grandimanus</i>
Fish	<i>Awaous guamensis</i> <i>Eleotris sandwicensis</i> <i>Kuhlia sandwicensis</i> <i>Kuhlia sp.</i> <i>Kuhlia xenura</i> <i>Lentipes concolor</i> <i>Mugil cephalus</i> <i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i> <i>Stenogobius hawaiiensis</i>
Snails	<i>Neritina granosa</i> <i>Neritina vespertina</i>

Native Species

Insects	<i>Anax strenuus</i> <i>Limonia jacobus</i> <i>Limonia sp.</i> <i>Limonia stygipennis</i> <i>Megalagrion blackburni</i> <i>Megalagrion hawaiiense</i> <i>Procanacae acuminata</i> <i>Procanace constricta</i> <i>Scatella cilipes</i> <i>Scatella femoralis</i> <i>Scatella hawaiiensis</i> <i>Scatella sp.</i> <i>Scatella warreni</i> <i>Sigmataneurum sp.</i> <i>Telmatogeton sp.</i>
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Introduced Species

Amphibians	<i>Rana catesbiana</i> Ranid sp.
Crustaceans	<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>
Fish	<i>Clarias fuscus</i> <i>Gambusia affinis</i>

Introduced Species

Insects	<i>Cheumatopsyche pettiti</i> Chironomid larvae
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Species Size Data: Species size (inches) observed in DAR Point Quadrat Surveys.

<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Minimum Size</u>	<u>Maximum Size</u>	<u>Average Size</u>
<i>Atyoida bisulcata</i>	Endemic	0.75	1.5	1.3
<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>	Introduced	1	12	3.8
<i>Eleotris sandwicensis</i>	Endemic	3.5	3.5	3.5
<i>Kuhlia xenura</i>	Endemic	6	6	6.0
<i>Lentipes concolor</i>	Endemic	2	2	2.0
<i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i>	Endemic	1	5	2.0
<i>Awaous guamensis</i>	Indigenous	0.75	8	3.7
<i>Neritina granosa</i>	Endemic	1.5	8	2.3

Average Density: The densities (#/square yard) for species observed in DAR Point Quadrat Surveys averaged over all sample dates in each reach type.

<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Mid</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
<i>Atyoida bisulcata</i>	Endemic		0.52	0.12		
<i>Eleotris sandwicensis</i>	Endemic		0.01			
<i>Kuhlia xenura</i>	Endemic		0.04			
<i>Neritina granosa</i>	Endemic		0.35			
<i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i>	Endemic		2.69	0.25		
<i>Awaous guamensis</i>	Indigenous		1.64	1.48		
<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>	Introduced		3.89	6.93		

Species Distributions: Presence (P) of species in different stream reaches.

<u>Scientific Name</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Estuary</u>	<u>Lower</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Upper</u>	<u>Headwaters</u>
<i>Atyoida bisulcata</i>	Endemic		P	P		P
<i>Macrobrachium grandimanus</i>	Endemic		P			P
<i>Eleotris sandwicensis</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Kuhlia xenura</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Lentipes concolor</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Sicyopterus stimpsoni</i>	Endemic		P	P		P
<i>Stenogobius hawaiiensis</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Anax strenuus</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Limonia jacobus</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Limonia stygipennis</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Megalagrion blackburni</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Megalagrion hawaiiense</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Procanacae acuminata</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Procanace constricta</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Scatella cilipes</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Scatella femoralis</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Scatella hawaiiensis</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Scatella warreni</i>	Endemic			P		
<i>Neritina granosa</i>	Endemic		P	P		P
<i>Neritina vespertina</i>	Endemic		P			
<i>Awaous guamensis</i>	Indigenous		P	P		P
<i>Kuhlia sandwicensis</i>	Indigenous		P			
<i>Kuhlia sp.</i>	Indigenous		P			
<i>Mugil cephalus</i>	Indigenous		P			
<i>Limonia sp.</i>	Indigenous			P		
<i>Scatella sp.</i>	Indigenous			P		
<i>Sigmataneurum sp.</i>	Indigenous			P		
<i>Telmatogeton sp.</i>	Indigenous		P	P		
<i>Telmatogeton sp.</i>	Indigenous		P	P		

<i>Rana catesbiana</i>	Introduced	P		
Ranid sp.	Introduced	P		
<i>Macrobrachium lar</i>	Introduced	P	P	P
<i>Clarias fuscus</i>	Introduced	P		
<i>Gambusia affinis</i>	Introduced	P		
<i>Cheumatopsyche pettiti</i>	Introduced		P	
Chironomid larvae	Introduced		P	

HISTORIC RANKINGS

Historic Rankings: These are rankings of streams from historical studies. "Yes" means the stream was considered worthy of protection by that method. Some methods include non-biotic data in their determination. See Atlas Key for details.

Multi-Attribute Prioritization of Streams - Potential Heritage Streams (1998): Yes

Hawaii Stream Assessment Rank (1990): Moderate

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service High Quality Stream (1988): Yes

The Nature Conservancy- Priority Aquatic Sites (1985): No

National Park Service - Nationwide Rivers Inventory (1982): No

Current DAR Decision Rule Status: The following criteria are used by DAR to consider the biotic importance of streams. "Yes" means that watershed has that quality.

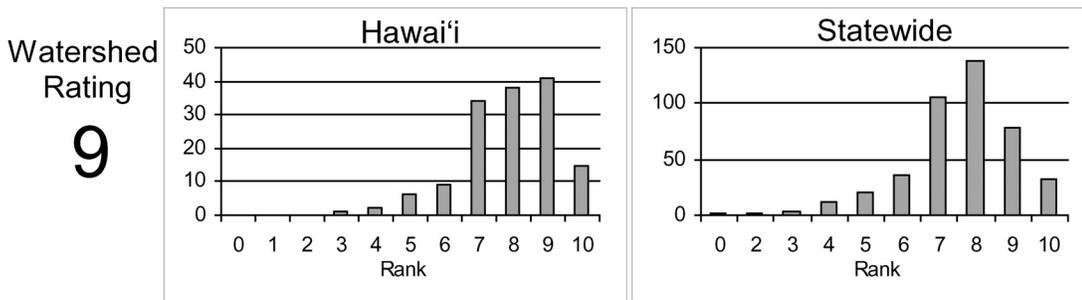
Native Insect Diversity <u>> 19 spp.</u>	Native Macrofauna <u>Diversity > 5 spp.</u>	Absence of Priority 1 <u>Introduced</u>
No	Yes	No
Abundance of Any <u>Native Species</u>	Presence of Candidate <u>Endangered Species</u>	Endangered Newcomb's <u>Snail Habitat</u>
No	No	No

CURRENT WATERSHED AND STREAM RATINGS

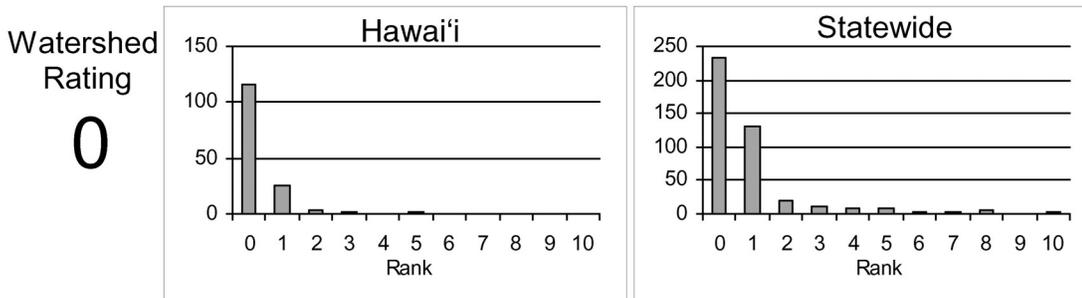
The current watershed and stream ratings are based on the data contained in the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database. The ratings provide the score for the individual watershed or stream, the distribution of ratings for that island, and the distribution of ratings statewide. This allows a better understanding of the meaning of a particular ranking and how it compares to other streams. The ratings are standardized to range from 0 to 10 (0 is lowest and 10 is highest rating) for each variable and the totals are also standardized so that the rating is not the average of each component rating. These ratings are subject to change as more data are entered into the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database and can be automatically recalculated as the data improve. In addition to the ratings, we have also provided an estimate of the confidence level of the ratings. This is called rating strength. The higher the rating strength the more likely the data and rankings represent the actual condition of the watershed, stream, and aquatic biota.

WATERSHED RATING: Waimanu, Hawai'i

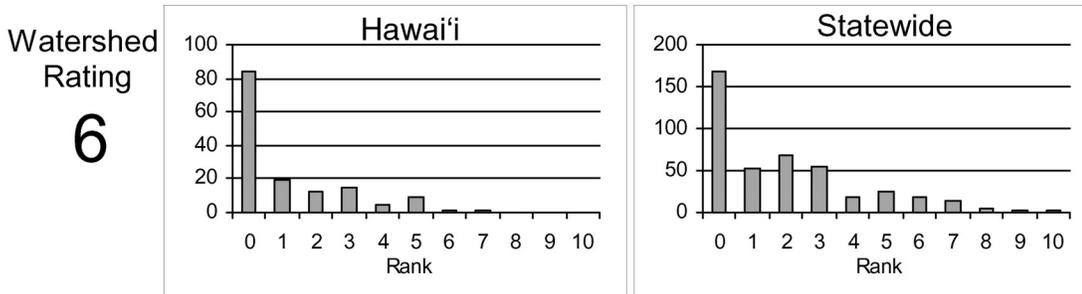
Land Cover Rating: Rating is based on a scoring system where in general forested lands score positively and developed lands score negatively.



Shallow Waters Rating: Rating is based on a combination of the extent of estuarine and shallow marine areas associated with the watershed and stream.

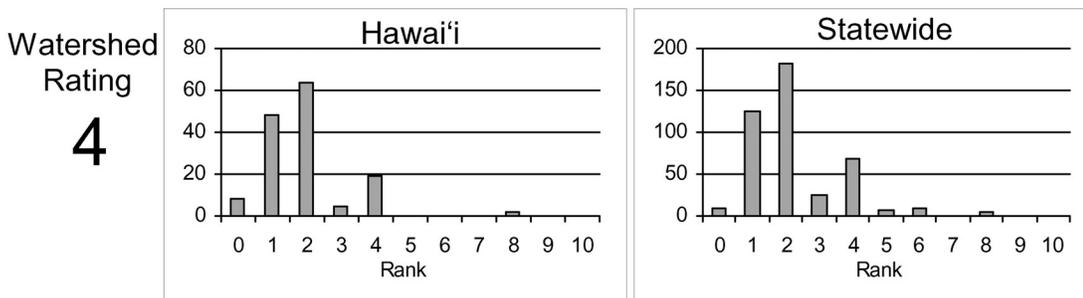


Stewardship Rating: Rating is based on a scoring system where higher levels of land and biodiversity protection within the watershed score positively.

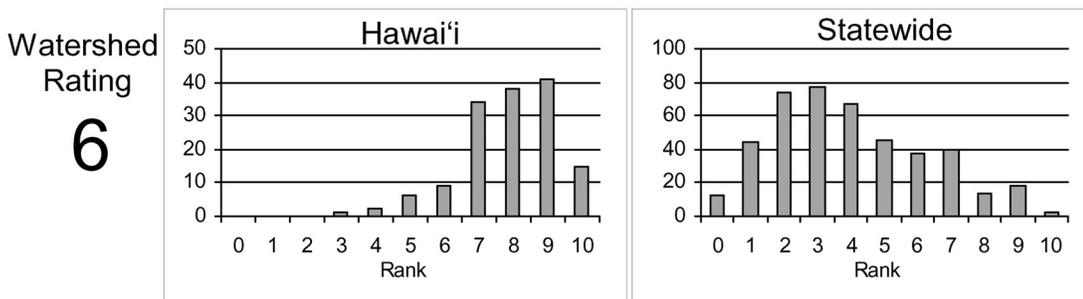


WATERSHED RATING (Cont): Waimanu, Hawai'i

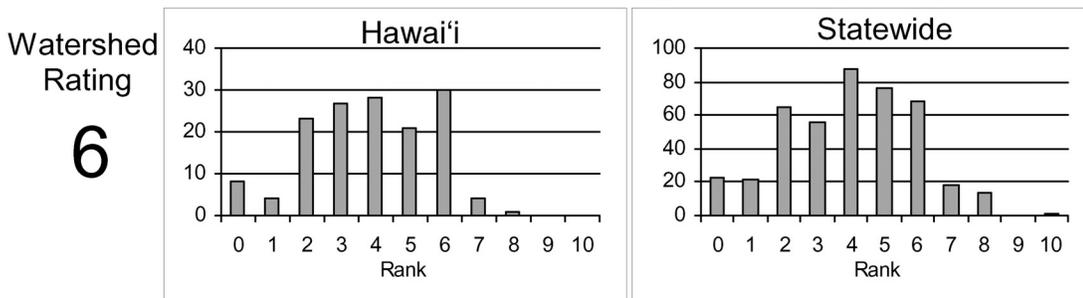
Size Rating: Rating is based on the watershed area and total stream length. Larger watersheds and streams score more positively.



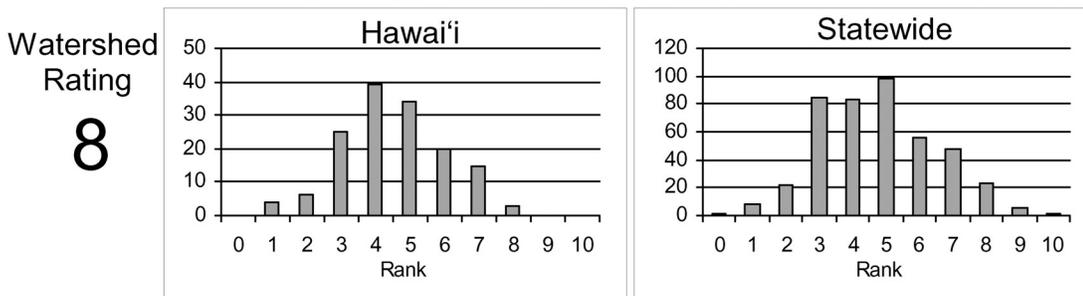
Wetness Rating: Rating is based on the average annual rainfall within the watershed. Higher rainfall totals score more positively.



Reach Diversity Rating: Rating is based on the types and amounts of different stream reaches available in the watershed. More area in different reach types score more positively.



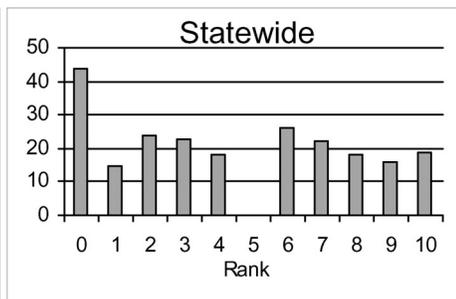
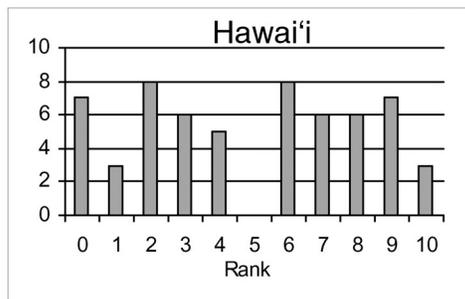
Total Watershed Rating: Rating is based on combination of Land Cover Rating, Shallow Waters Rating, Stewardship Rating, Size Rating, Wetness Rating, and Reach Diversity Rating.



BIOLOGICAL RATING: Waimanu, Hawai'i

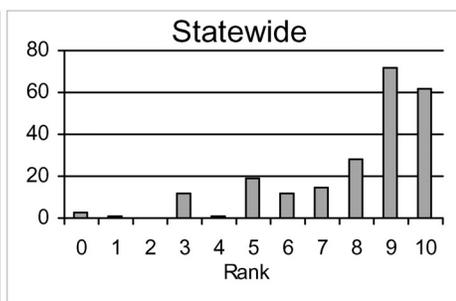
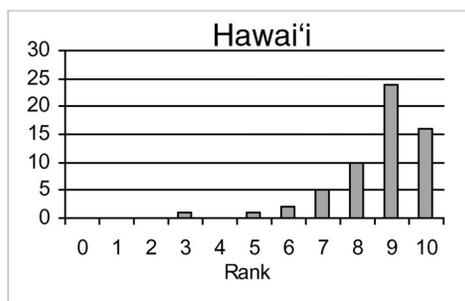
Native Species Rating: Rating is based on the number of native species observed in the watershed.

Stream Rating
10



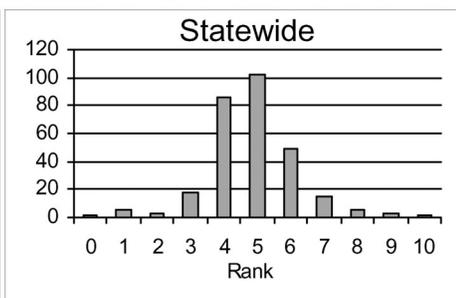
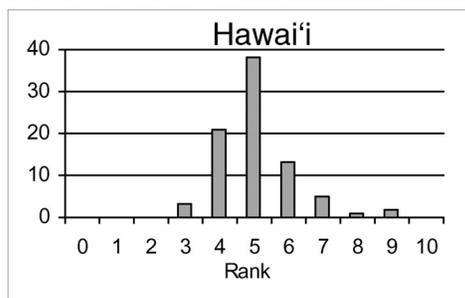
Introduced Genera Rating: Rating is based on the number of introduced genera observed in the watershed.

Stream Rating
7



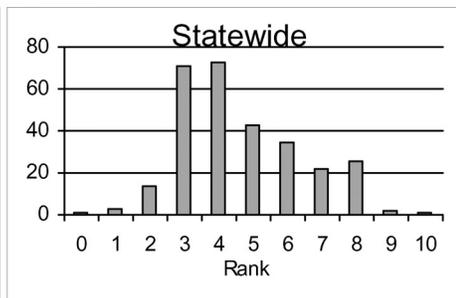
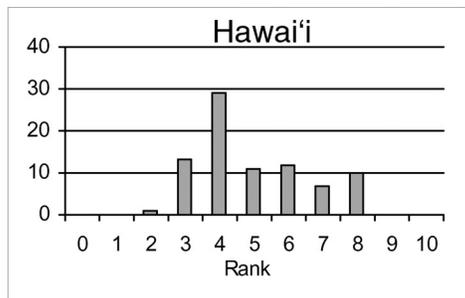
All Species' Score Rating: Rating is based on the Hawaii Stream Assessment scoring system where native species score positively and introduced species score negatively.

Stream Rating
7



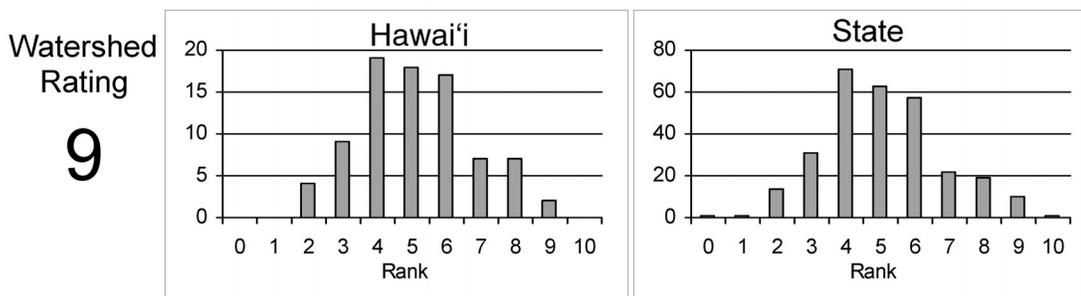
Total Biological Rating: Rating is the combination of the Native Species Rating, Introduced Genera Rating, and the All Species' Score Rating.

Stream Rating
8

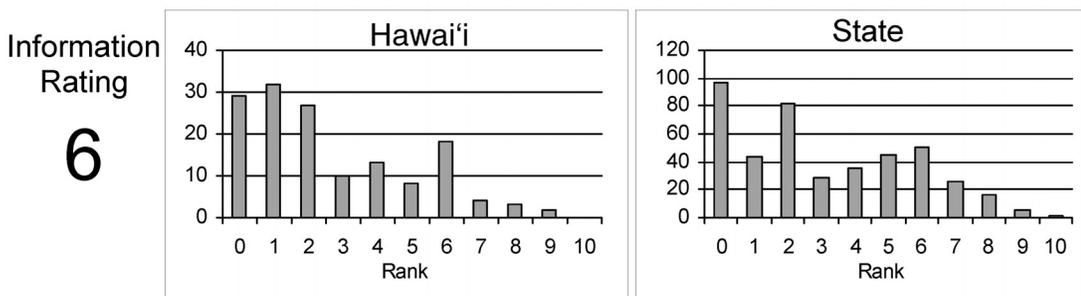


OVERALL RATING: Waimanu, Hawai'i

Overall Rating: Rating is a combination of the Total Watershed Rating and the Total Biological Rating.

**RATING STRENGTH: Waimanu, Hawai'i**

Rating Strength: Represents an estimate of the overall study effort in the stream and is a combination of the number of studies, number of different reaches surveyed, and the number of different survey types.

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1968. Shima, S.I. Limnological Survey for Introduction of Exotic Species of Fish.
1969. Shima, S.I. Field Survey of Hawaii Streams, 1966-1969.
1976. Yoshida, R.N. Survey of the Fresh Water Aquatic Fauna and Habitat in the Proposed Waimanu Estuarine Sanctuary, Island of Hawai'i..
1999. Englund, R.A. and D.J. Preston. Biological Assessment of the Lower Hamakua Ditch on the Hawaiian Stream Fly (*Sigmatineurum meaohi*) and Other Aquatic Insects. Hawaii Biological Survey.
2008. Hawai'i Division of Aquatic Resources. DAR Point Quadrat Survey Data from the DAR Aquatic Surveys Database.

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